XAVIER EECKHOUT



François POMPON (Saulieu 1855 - Paris 1933)

"Panthère mouchetée"

Bronze

Signed « Pompon » in the wax, at the back of the base

Stamped by the C. Valsuani foundry

Model conceived in 1921, this one cast *circa* 1925

31,5 x 14,5 x 6 cm.

Related works :

- A bronze with green patina, stamp C. Valsuani, bequest Pompon 1933, exhibition De Lascaux à Picasso, Paris, 1976- 1977 (p. 60, n. 240 of the catalogue entitled « Petite panthère »), kept at the Musée des Beaux-Arts, Dijon, inv. 3784 bis

- One bronze exhibited in 1925, Grenoble, Paris, Bordeaux (not located)

- One bronze sold at Sotheby's, July 1968, n. 295

- One bronze, posthumous cast numbered 11/12, exhibited at the Rétrospective François Pompon, Paris, Brame et Lorenceau Gallery, November - December 1999, cat. n. 81, repr.

History of the model :

Plaster realised between 1921 and 1924, the bronzes from 1925.

State with base, ears pricked, tail curled and swinging to the left above the ground.

Literature

L. Colas, *Pompon, L'œuvre complète*, Norma éditions, Paris, 2025, pp. 340-341,n. 97, repr.

Artist description:

Ten years before his death, Pompon created two of his most emblematic artworks, the White Bear in 1922 and the Black Panther in 1925. Made of stone, its uniqueness rises it to the echelon of a quality museum piece.

Its prestigious provenance gives its exceptional character. Bought by the collector Jacques André in 1928 at the Salon des Tuileries from François Pompon himself, it has been kept in the family until now. Painted by Bernard Boutet de Monvel, patron of Gustave Miklos, Jacques André (1882-1970) was passioned by the art of his time, he was not very well known by the public but he was very important at that time.

There is a lot of literature on this artwork, which Pompon mentions in the accounts books. It was sold in 1928 for the amount of 7 000 ancient francs.
Modelling his animals with an important economy of graphic resources and sobriety of the shapes, Pompon explained: «I keep many details intended to disappear. I create the animal with almost all its frills. Otherwise, I am losing myself. And then, little by little, I erase in order to keep only what is essential». The sculptor syntheses the appearance of the animal so that he can express its very essence. His rendering of the movement, learnt from Rodin, consists in the combination of several gestures to concentrate the expression. His panther moves forward, motionless, surrounded by an unfinished line.

At the dawn of the XX century, Pompon managed to find an alternative to the Cubism's deconstruction, « the sculpture without any hole or shade », as he liked to say, building a work with full shape, rounded outlines, refusing geometric and favouring traditional materials.